

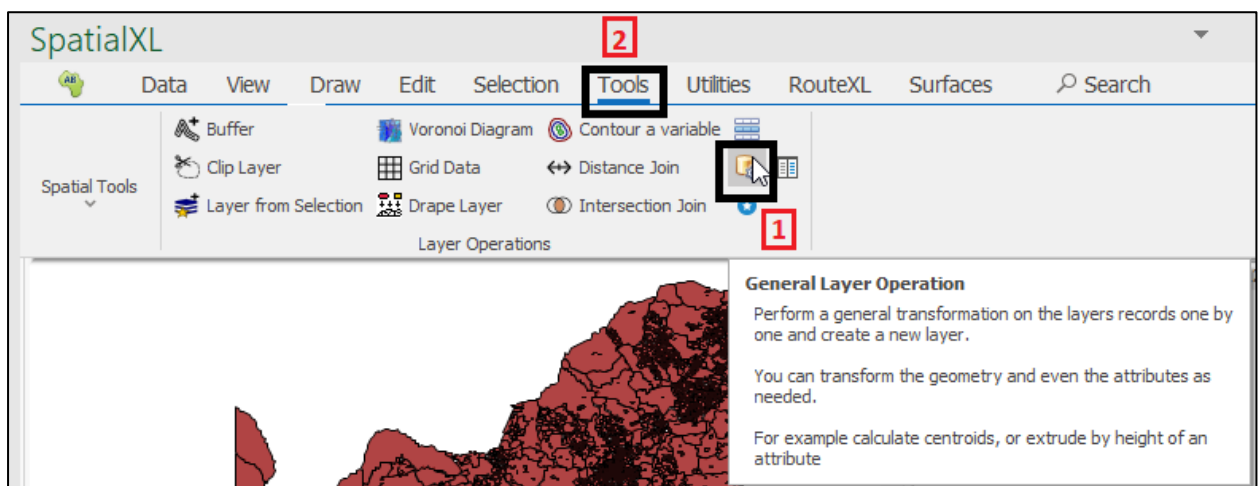


General Layer Operation

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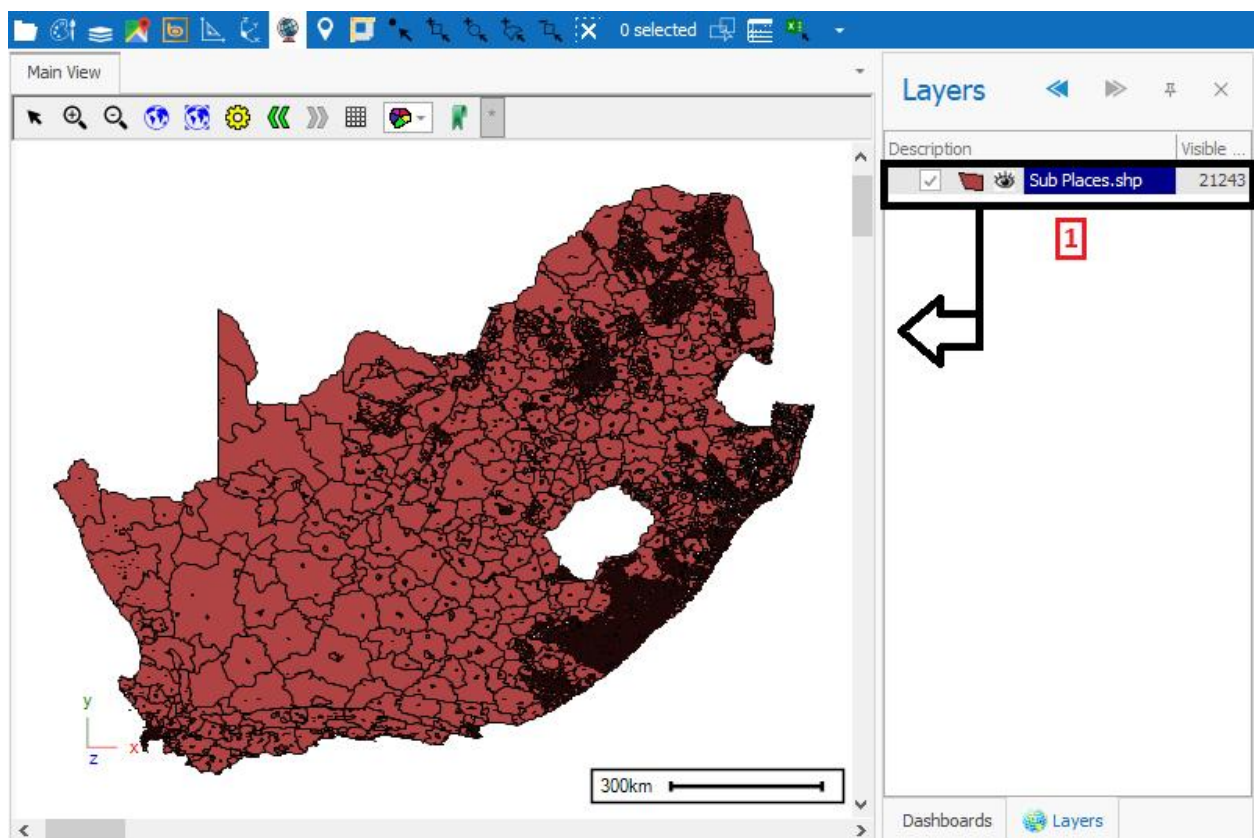
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General Layer Operation(1) is a tool available in all our spatial products, it is found in the **Tools** tab(2) of the spatial pane:

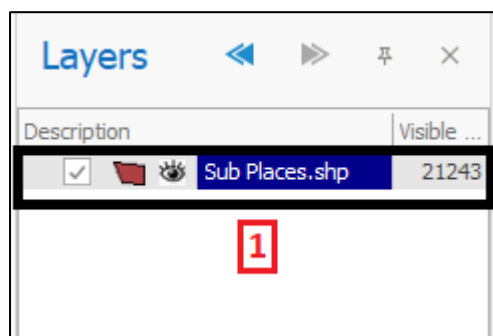


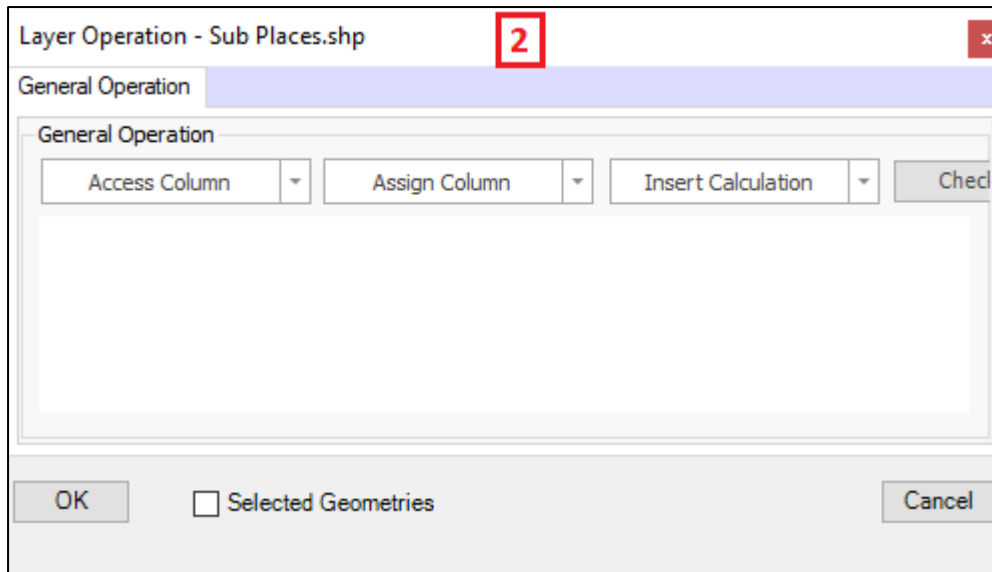
This tool is used to perform a general transformation on a layer's records one by one and create a new layer. You can transform the geometry and even the attributes as needed; for example calculate centroids or extrude by height of an attribute.

In this example I will perform a calculate centroids operation on my **Sub Places** layer(1) which consists of a set of polygons. What this will do is calculate the centroids of these polygons for me and then create a separate layer where these centroids will exist as points:

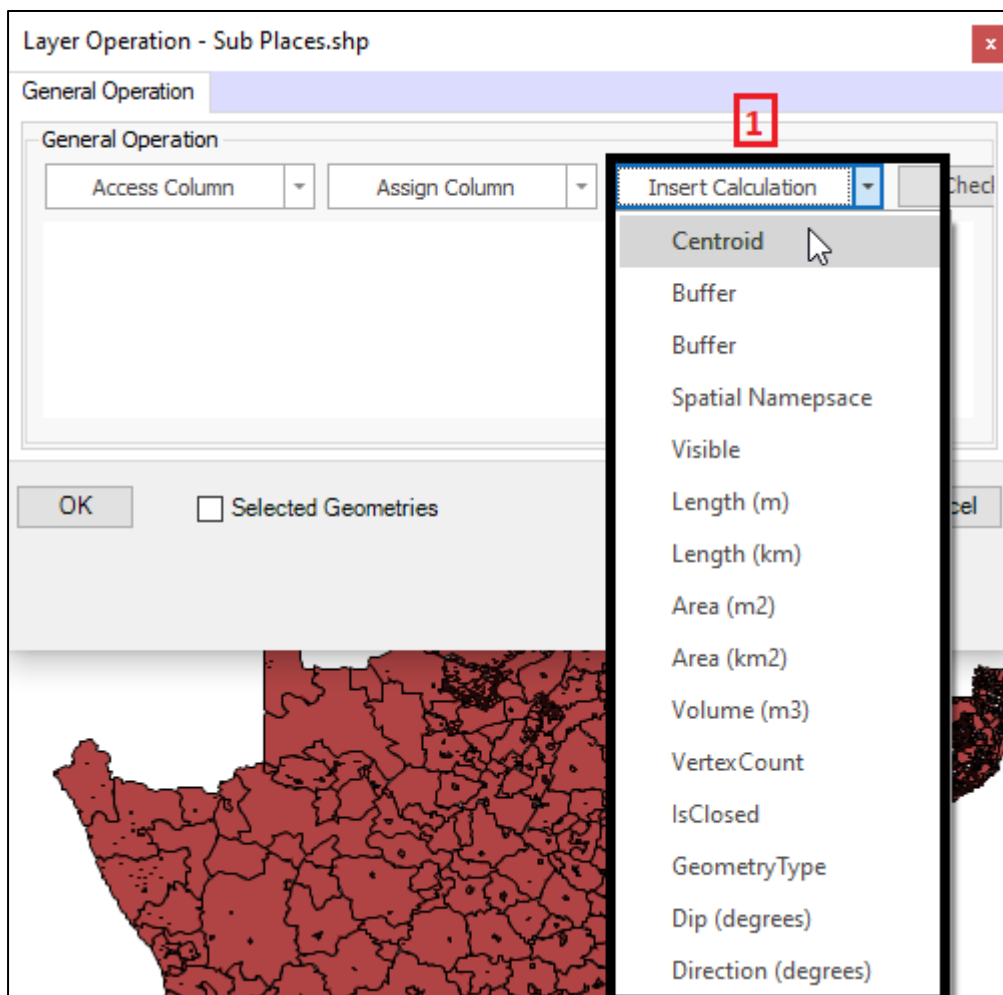


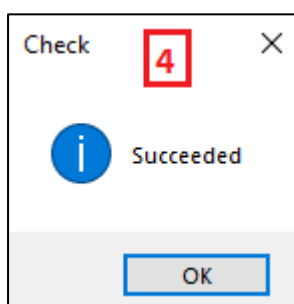
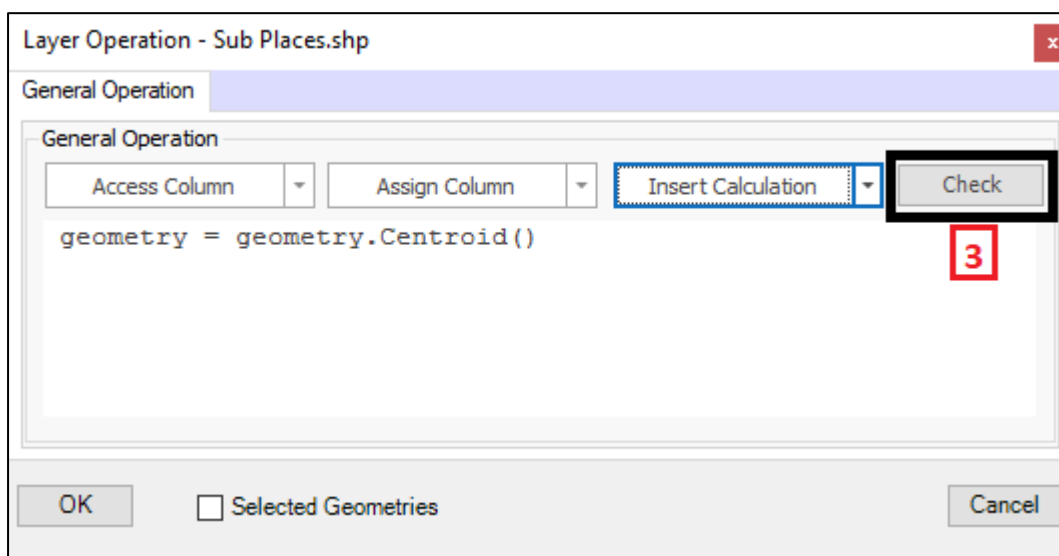
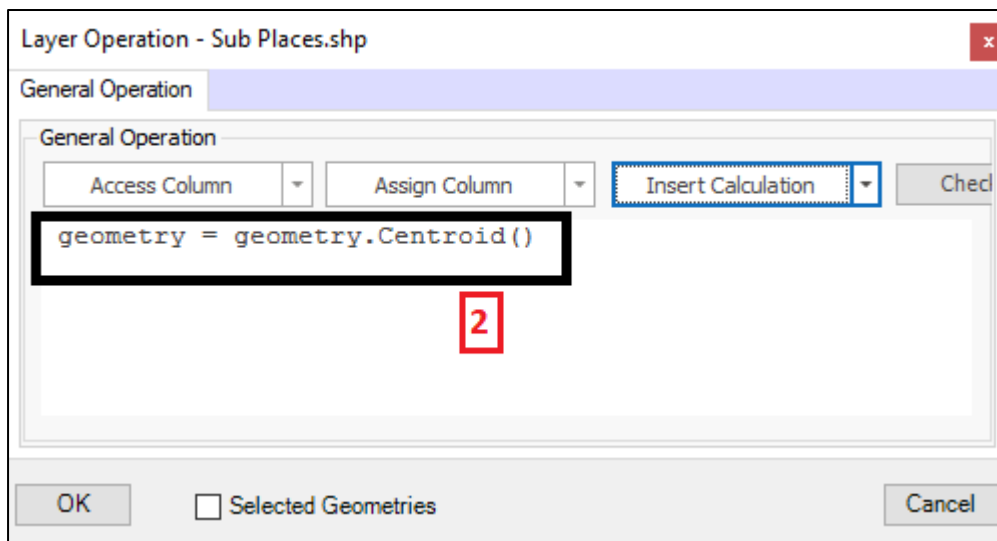
Before opening the tool make sure the correct layer is highlighted in your layer control(1). Then click the tool which will bring up the following dialogue(2):



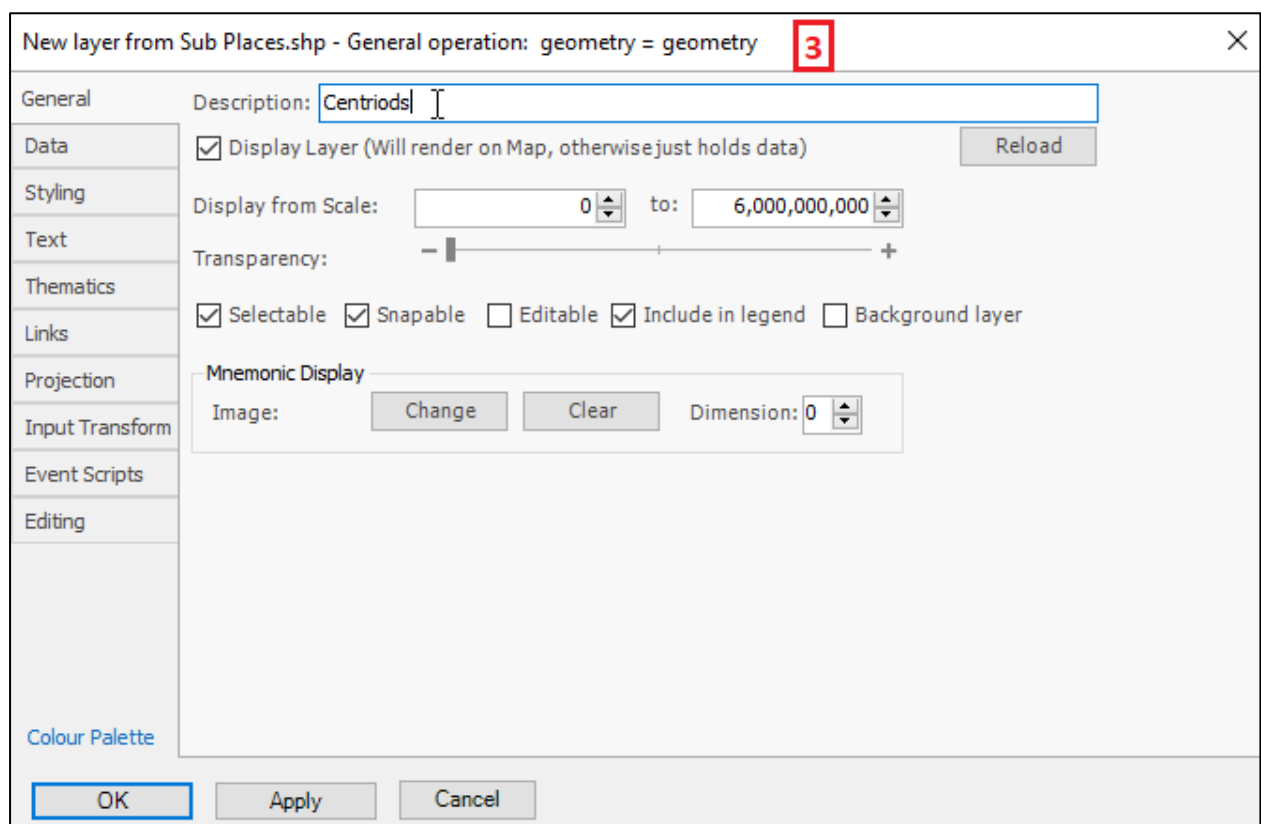
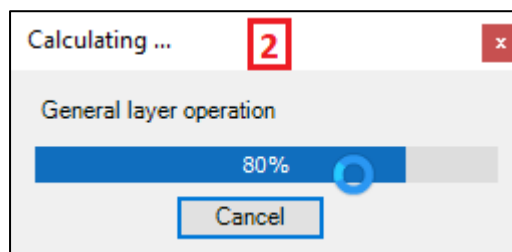
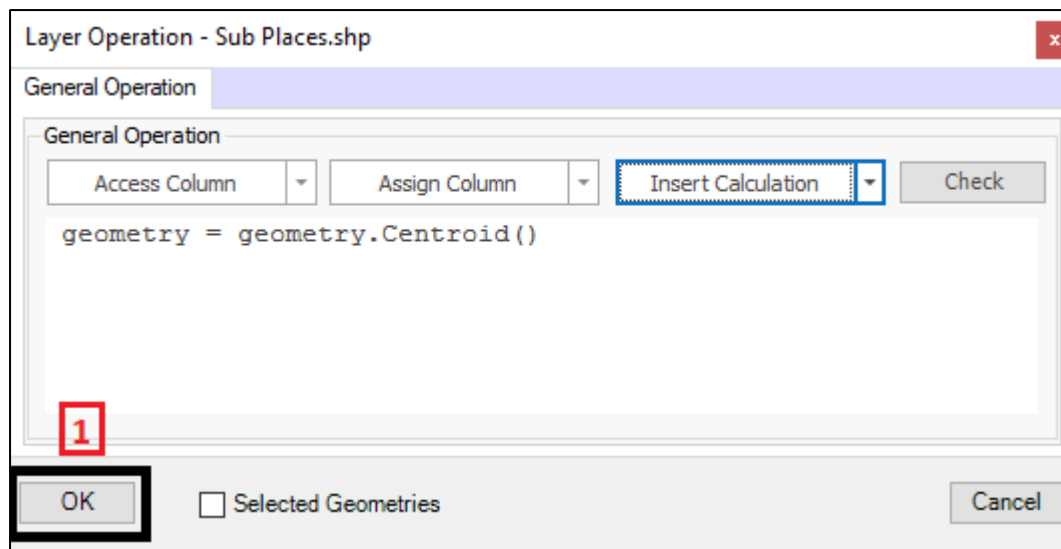


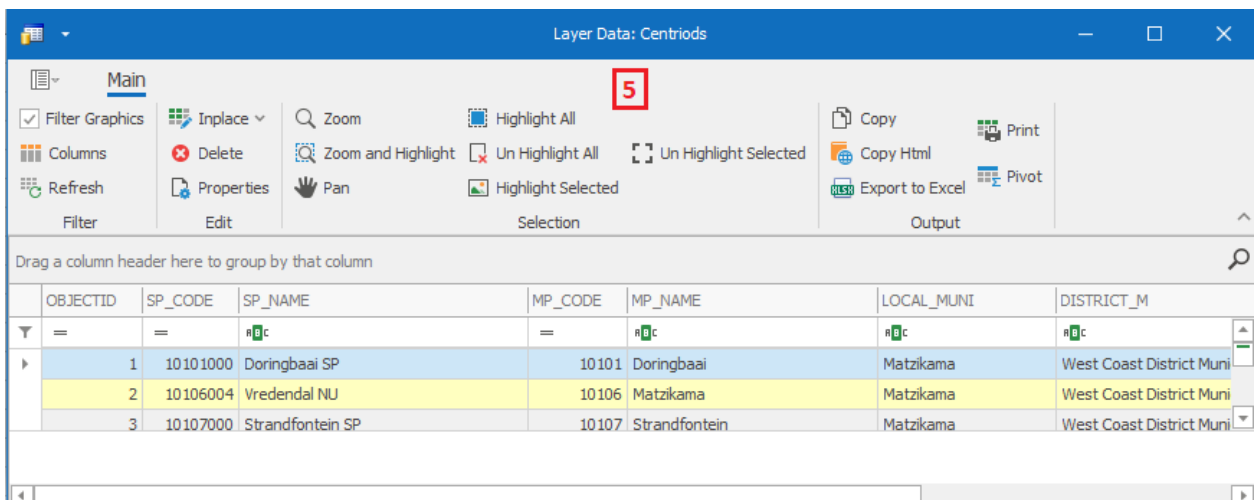
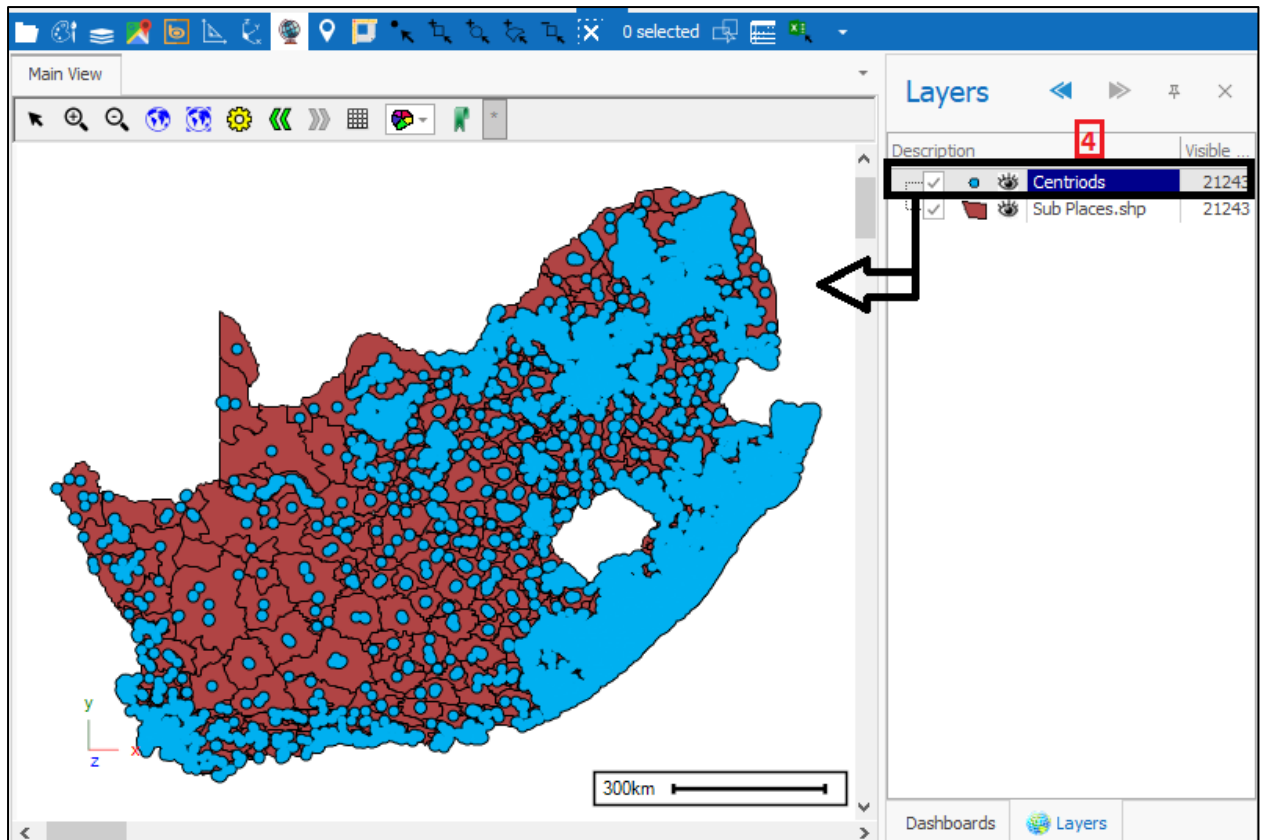
Under **Insert Calculation**(1) there is a range of predefined calculations that you can choose. In this example I will insert the **Centroid** calculation. As you can see the calculation is then entered below(2). To check if this operation works I can use the **Check** button(3) which will tell me if it succeeded or not(4):



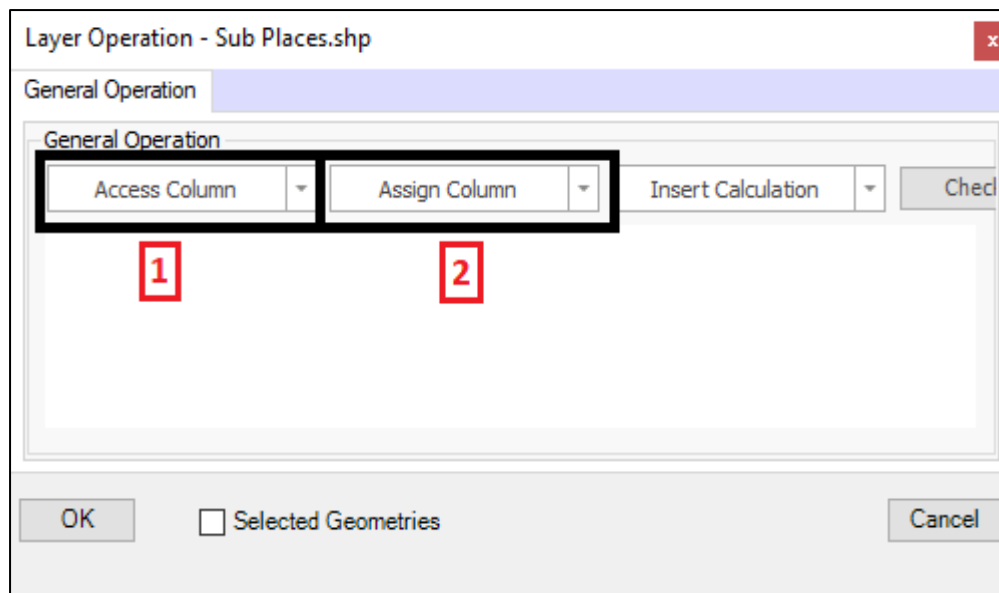


I can then click **OK**(1) and the operation will be done for me(2), I am prompted to set the properties for the new layer that will be made(3): My new layer is then added which contains just the centroids of my Sub Places polygons(4) along with all the other attribute data that was in the original layer, as can be seen by viewing the data grid(5):

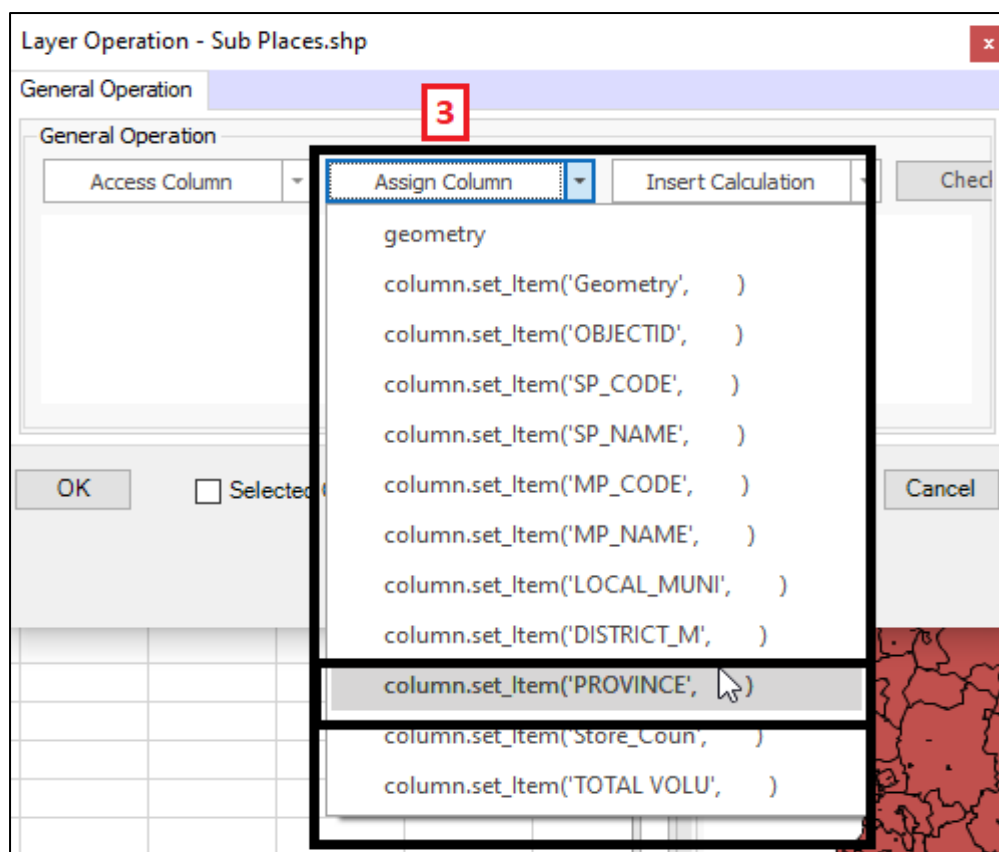


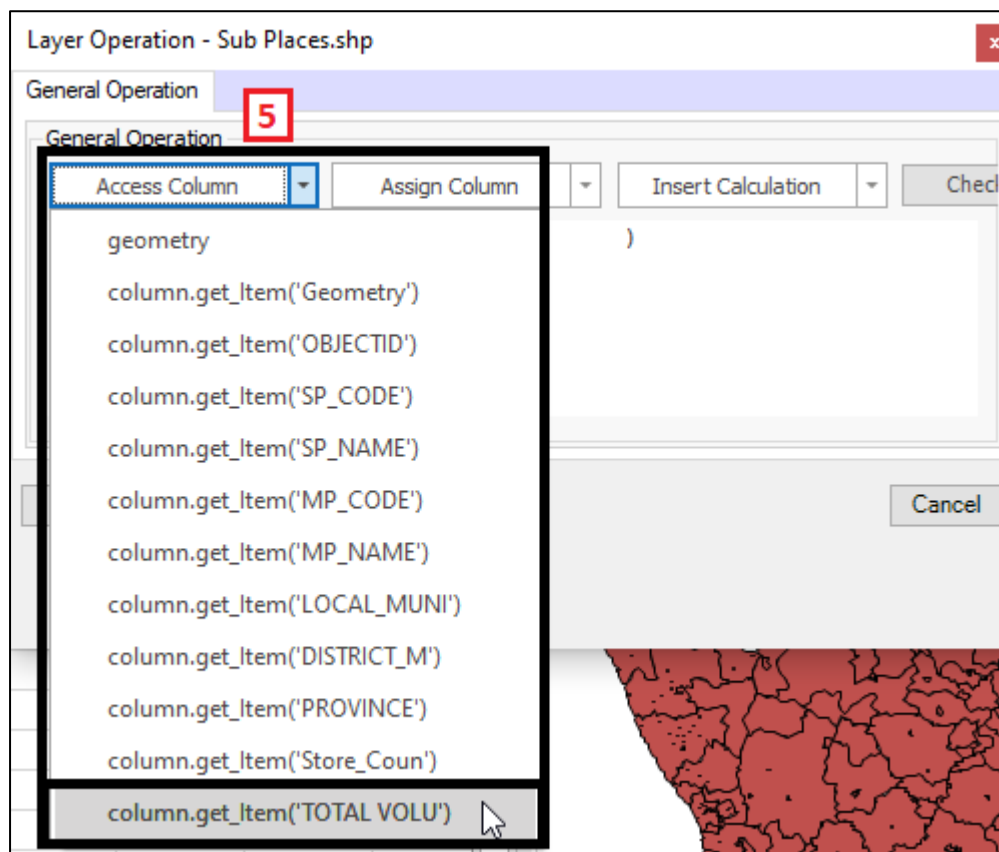
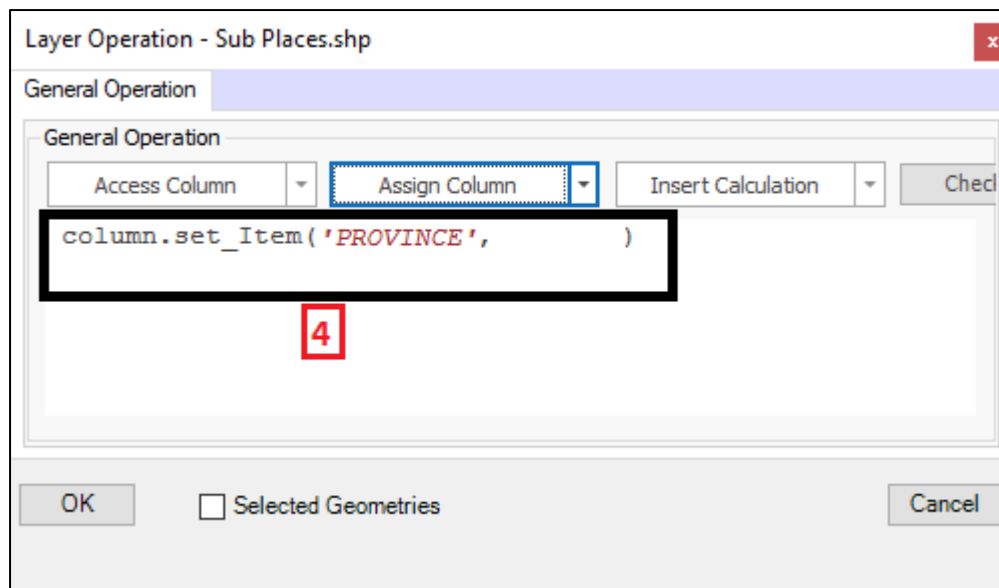


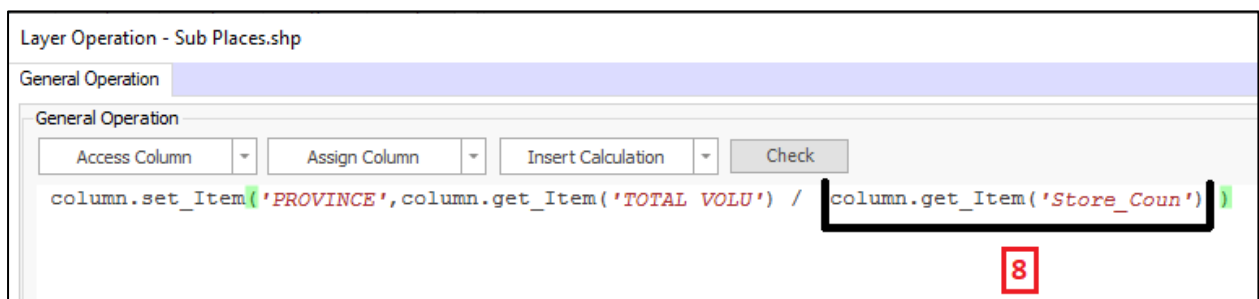
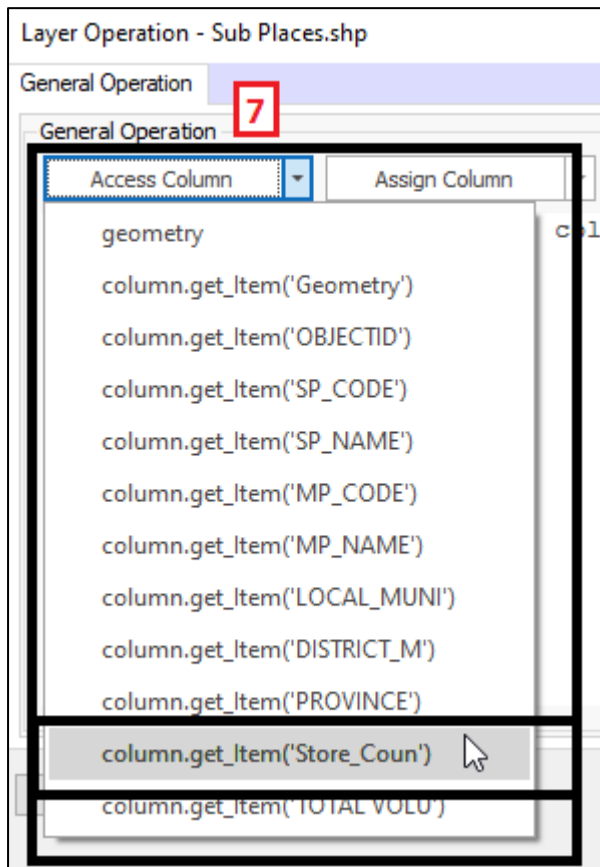
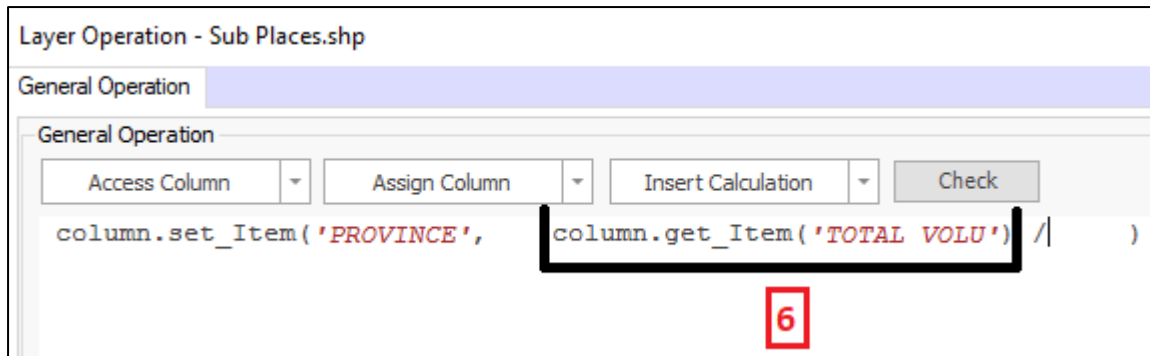
Access Column(1) allows you to add a column in your data, to get values from, in doing an operation. For example I will divide the values in one column by those in another and then assign the result to a another column for which I will make use of **Assign Column(2)** as well, which allows me to assign values to columns:



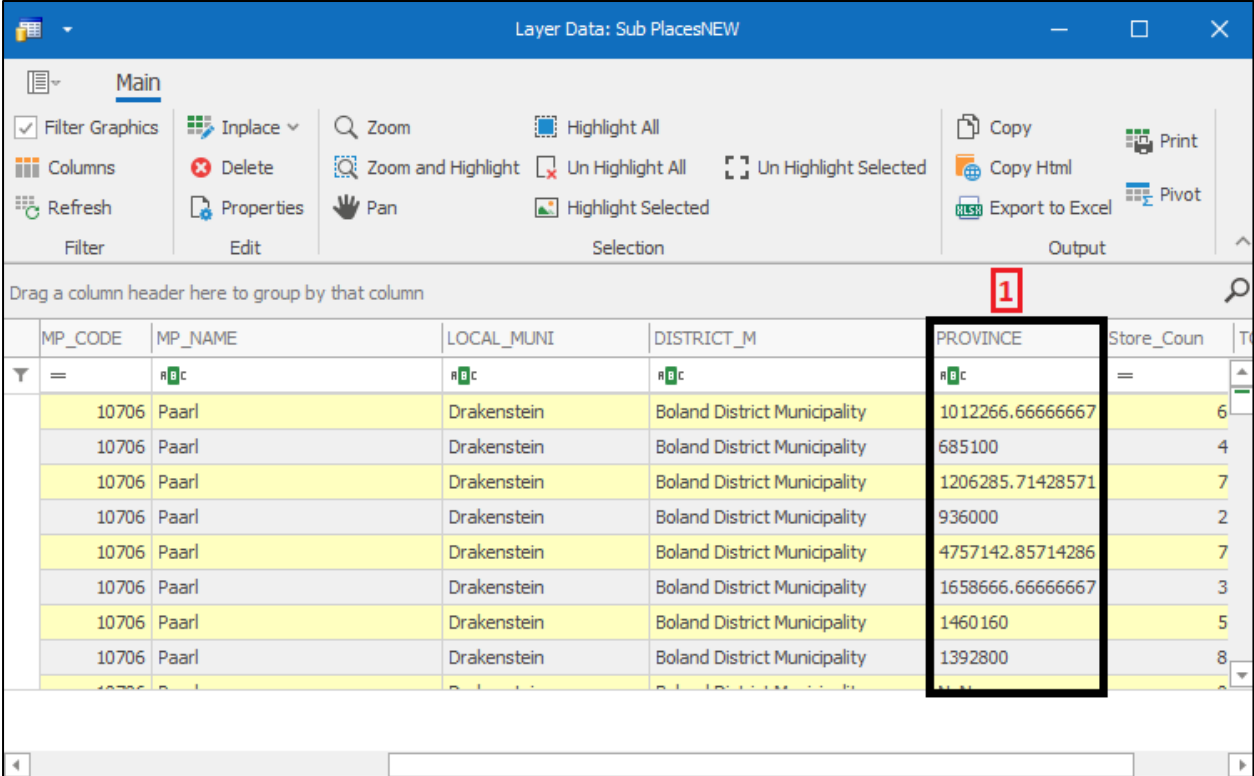
I start by choosing the column in my data that I would like to assign values to (3)(4), then within this expression I type in, as the value, the calculation, which requires accessing columns (5)(6)(7)(8):







Now that I have entered in my full expression I can go ahead and run this operation and then in the layer data grid of the new layer that was created you can see my Province column has been assigned the values of the calculation that I did(1):



Layer Data: Sub PlacesNEW

Main

Filter Graphics ☒ Inplace ☐ Zoom Highlight All Copy Print

Columns ☒ Delete Zoom and Highlight Un Highlight All Copy Html

Refresh ☒ Properties Pan Highlight Selected Export to Excel Pivot

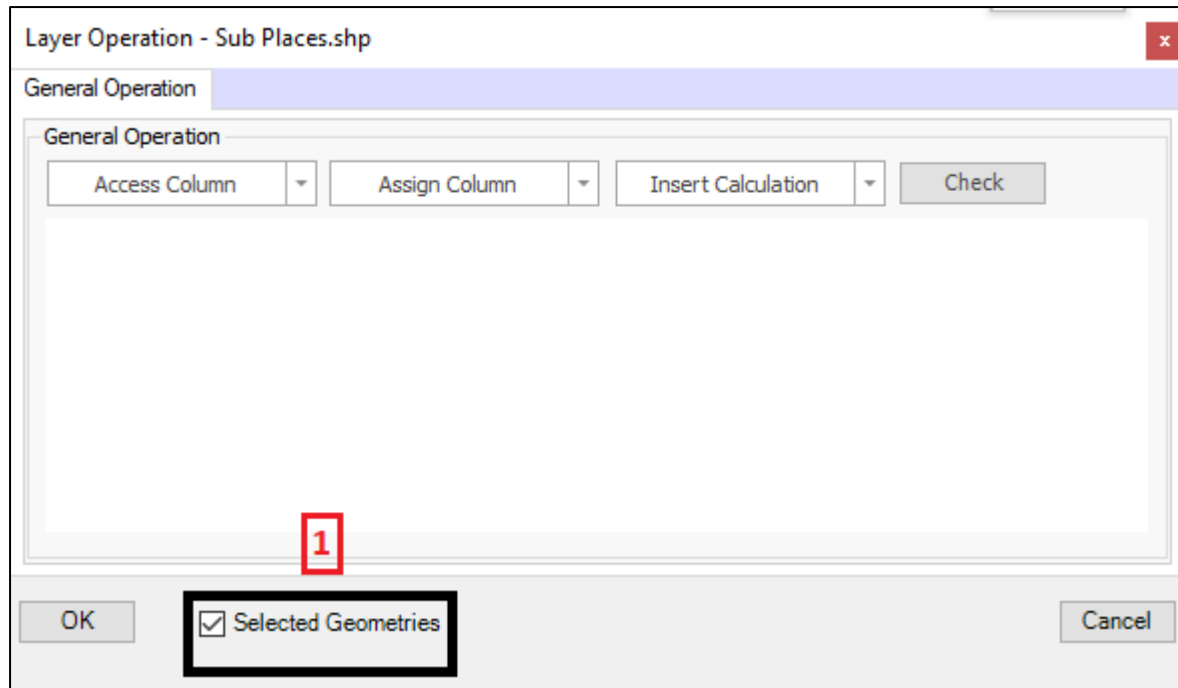
Filter Edit Selection Output

Drag a column header here to group by that column

MP_CODE	MP_NAME	LOCAL_MUNI	DISTRICT_M	PROVINCE	Store_Coun
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	1012266.66666667	6
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	685100	4
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	1206285.71428571	7
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	936000	2
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	4757142.85714286	7
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	1658666.66666667	3
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	1460160	5
10706	Paarl	Drakenstein	Boland District Municipality	1392800	8

Note: Each time a layer operation is done a new layer will be created with the result of that operation. In this example all the data in the original layer is in the new layer except with the layer operation result as well, which in this case is the quotients of my Total Volume and Store Count columns populated in my Province column.

If you only want to do the operation on selected geometries, then you would have **Selected Geometries**(1) ticked on:



Scripts

With the General Layer Operation you can also define scripts to do things in addition to the predefined calculations from the “Insert Calculation” dropdown.

Examples:

1. Sometimes you may have a layer where the X and Y coordinates are together in one column and the Z value is in its own column called “Level” perhaps.
The result can be that the layer only gets plotted in 2D using the X and Y coordinates.

In order to get the layer to be plotted at the correct level (Z coordinate) and not just in flat 2D you can run the following script on the layer:

```
Row['Geometry'] = Row.Geometry.Project3D().Transform(new  
PrimeThought.Spatial.AffineTransform(0,0, Row['Z']))
```

The ‘Z’ is a placeholder for the name of whatever column has the Z coordinate in your data.

Support



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